# Sleep Patterns in Early Morning Out-and-Back Cargo Flight Operations



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#### **FedEx Flight Operations** By Numbers, Fleet and Operating Statistics



## Intrusion of Night Operations into Window of Circadian Low (WOCL)



## Understanding Sleep Periods Influenced by Work Schedules

- Preparatory, Mitigation, and Recovery Sleep
- Early Morning Out-and-Back Design
  - Based out of Memphis
  - Fly to Outstation in the Early Morning
  - Return to Memphis



### **Research Questions**

 Understand sleep patterns for early morning Out-and-Back schedule designs

 Measure sleep during the preparatory, mitigation, and recovery sleep periods.



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# Study

#### Pilot Volunteers

Communication, selection, de-identification

#### Measurements

- Wrist actigraph
- Sleep diary
- Samn-Perelli Fatigue Scale
- Karolinska Sleepiness Scale
- Analysis
  - FedEx Data Collection Management software
  - Statistical analyses (mixed-effects ANOVA)





#### **Study Details and Flight Information**

#### MEM Early Morning Out-and-Backs (O&B)

- 26 Pilots, 72 early morning O&B duties, 23 Outstations
- 03:59 (SD 46 minutes) flight start time
  - Arrived for duty period 1 hour prior to flight start time
  - 3 hours 49 minutes (SD 40 min) of wake since last preparatory sleep period
- 1 hour 47 min (SD 29 min) turn time at outstation
  - 43 minutes (SD 19 min) nap at outstation, if a nap occurred
- 09:11 (SD 57 min) flight end time

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- Completes duty period 30 minutes after flight end time
- 4 hours 27 minutes (SD 3 hours 19 minutes) of wake before recovery sleep



#### Example of One Pilot's Early Morning Out-and-Back Schedule





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### Distribution of Sleep Obtained Pre-Flight (26 Pilots)



	Duty Day	TST Pre-Flight	TIB Pre-Flight	
	1 1	6.0 hours	6.9 hours	
	2	5.7 hours	6.2 hours	Fac
(9) 03-21-2017	3	5.9 hours	6.5 hours	Express



### **Self-Reported Sleepiness**



### Conclusions

Early morning out-and-backs allow for most sleep to be obtained at night

- Prior to the first duty day, almost all sleep is obtained during nighttime hours
- No sleep is obtained in the early evening hours (wake maintenance zone)
- Nighttime sleep is curtailed during the second and third duty days
- However, the total amount of sleep per 24-hour period remains relatively constant

Pilots mitigate fatigue with preparatory, mitigation, and recovery sleep periods

- Hub turn: The duty period starts right after the wake maintenance zone; most sleep must be obtained during the recovery sleep period
- Early morning out-and-back: The timing of the duty period leaves room for a preparatory sleep period in the early part of the night
- For nighttime operations, the out-and-back design is useful as a strategy to mitigate fatigue



## Acknowledgments

- FedEx Pilots (Study Volunteers)
- Suresh Rangan, Federal Express Corporation, suresh.rangan@fedex.com Samantha M. Riedy, Washington State University Ying Zhang, Federal Express Corporation Patrick Hagerty, Federal Express Corporation **Rich Lewis, Federal Express Corporation** Steven R. Hursh, Institutes for Behavioral Resources
- Hans P.A. Van Dongen, Washington State University

