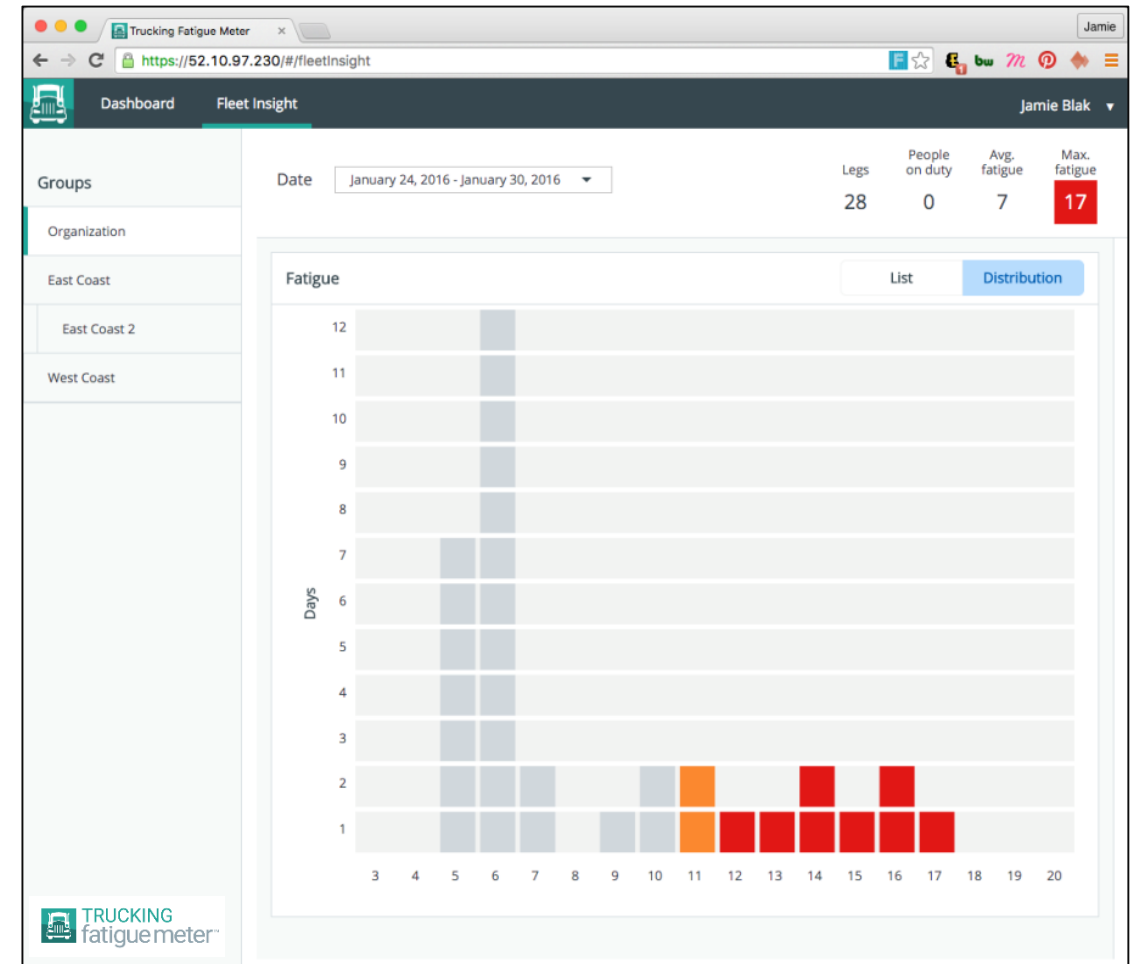
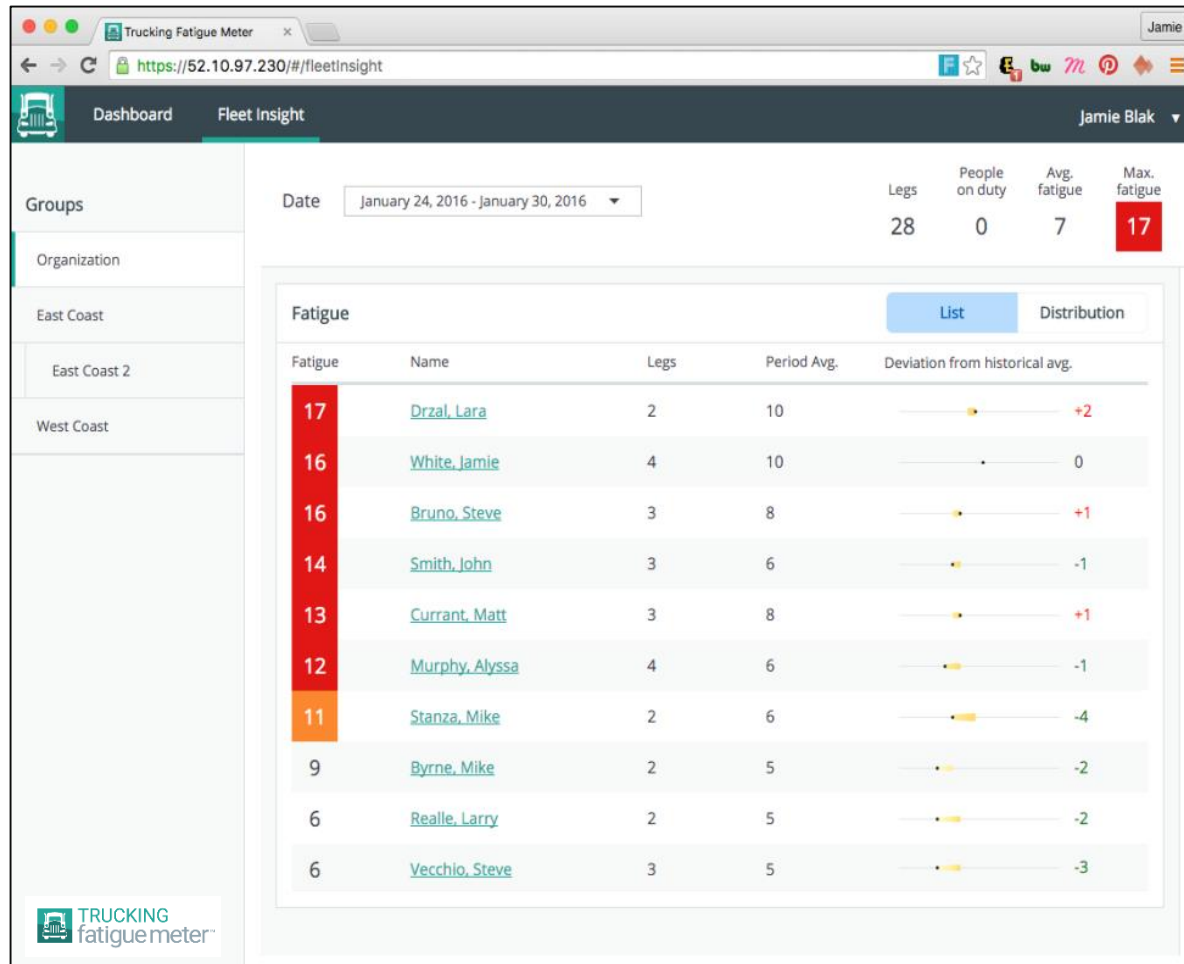


Predicting Performance and Safety Based on Driver Fatigue

Daniel Mollicone, Ph.D.

10th International Conference on Managing Fatigue
March 20–23, San Diego CA

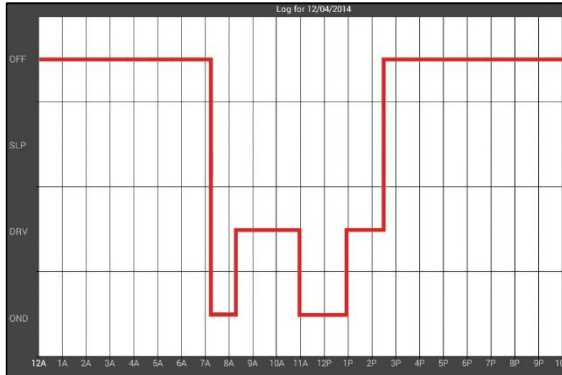
Fatigue Meter: Identify drivers at elevated fatigue risk



Data collected in naturalistic field study

Study overview:

- **106 US truck drivers**
 - 44 local drivers
 - 26 regional drivers
 - 36 long-distance drivers
- **Drivers were studied across two duty cycles intervened by a restart break of at least 34h**
- **Data collected included:**
 - HOS logs
 - Wrist actigraphy and sleep diary
 - Continuous measurement of vehicle performance
- **Analysis based on 48 drivers**



Hours of Service Logs



Sleep tracking



Data Acquisition System

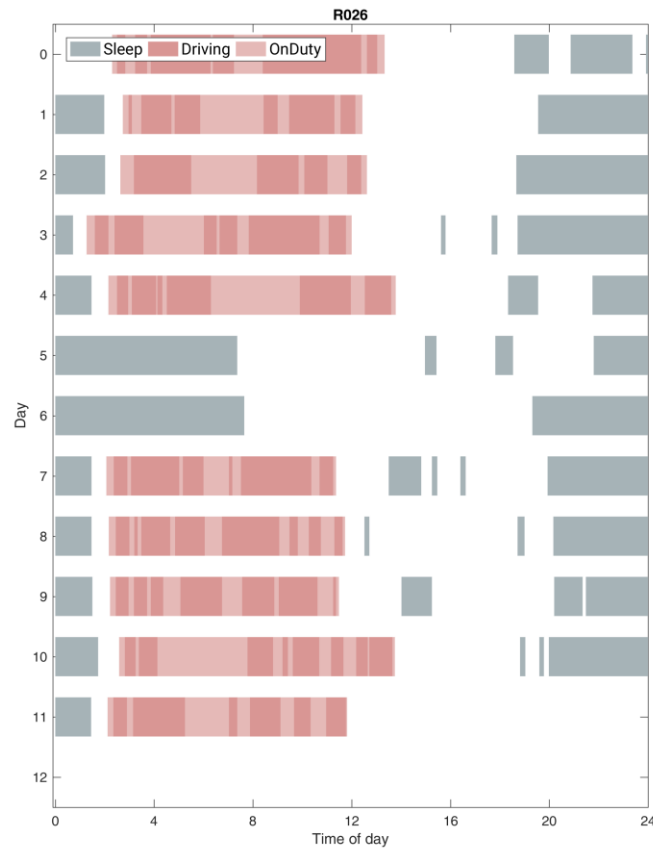
Timing of duty and sleep

Drivers exhibited wide variety of schedule patterns

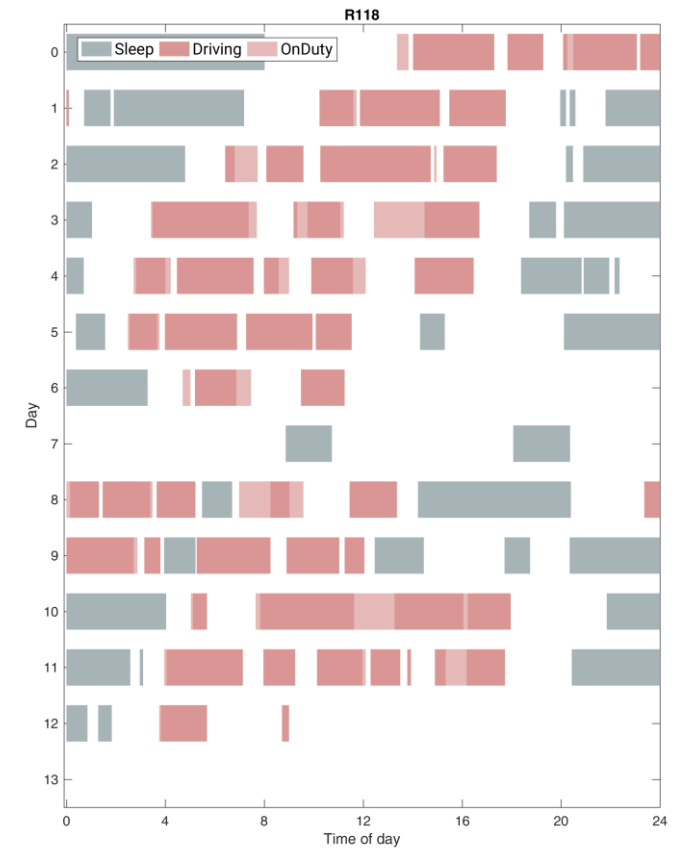
Day driver



Night driver



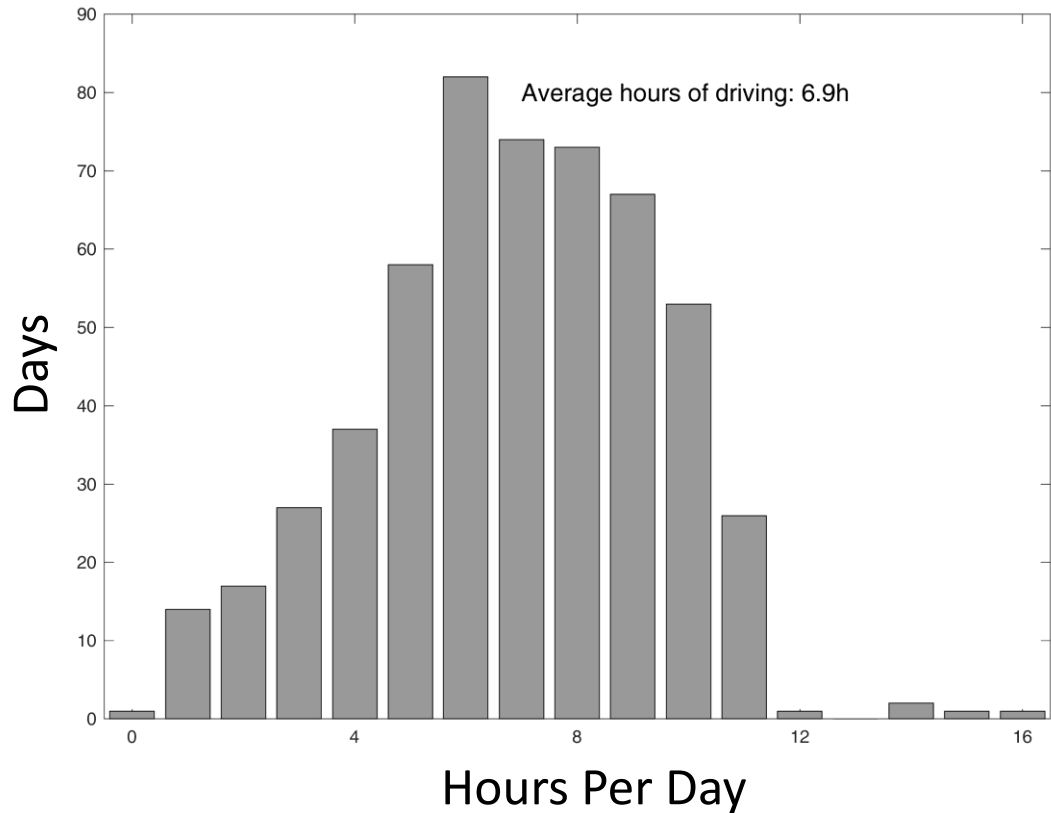
Mixed driver



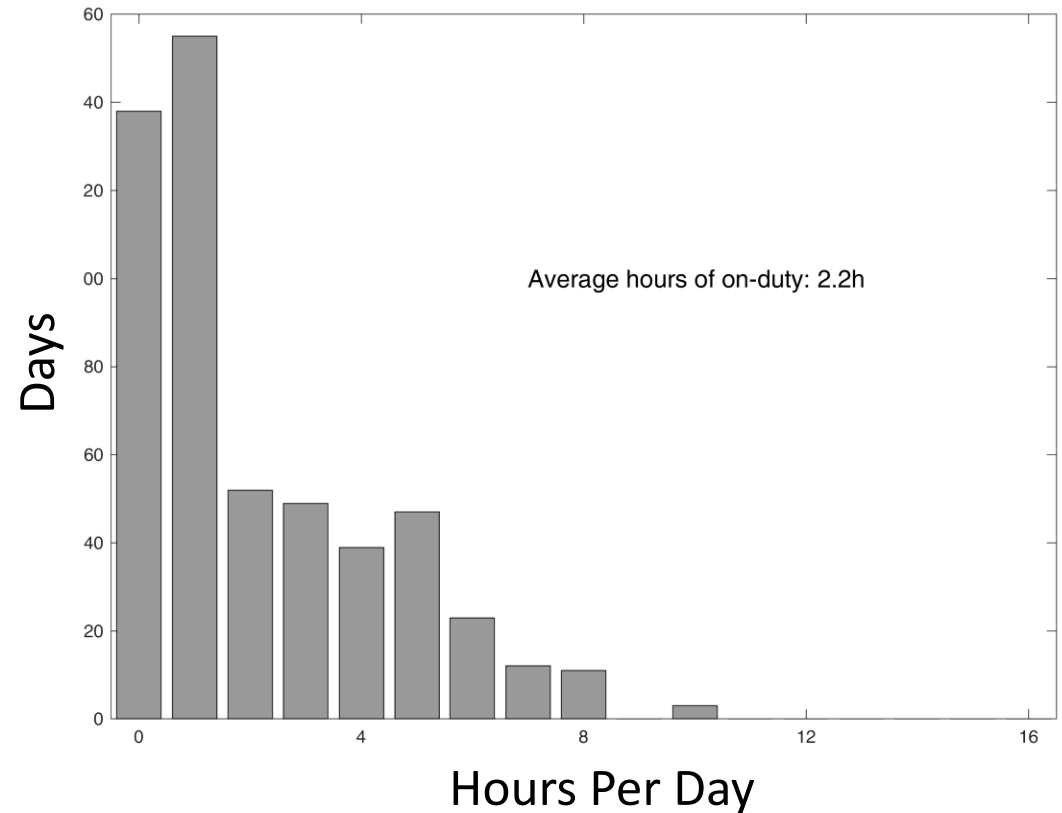
Analysis of the work day duration and composition

Total hours driving per day  Risk (Exposure)

Total Hours Driving Per Day



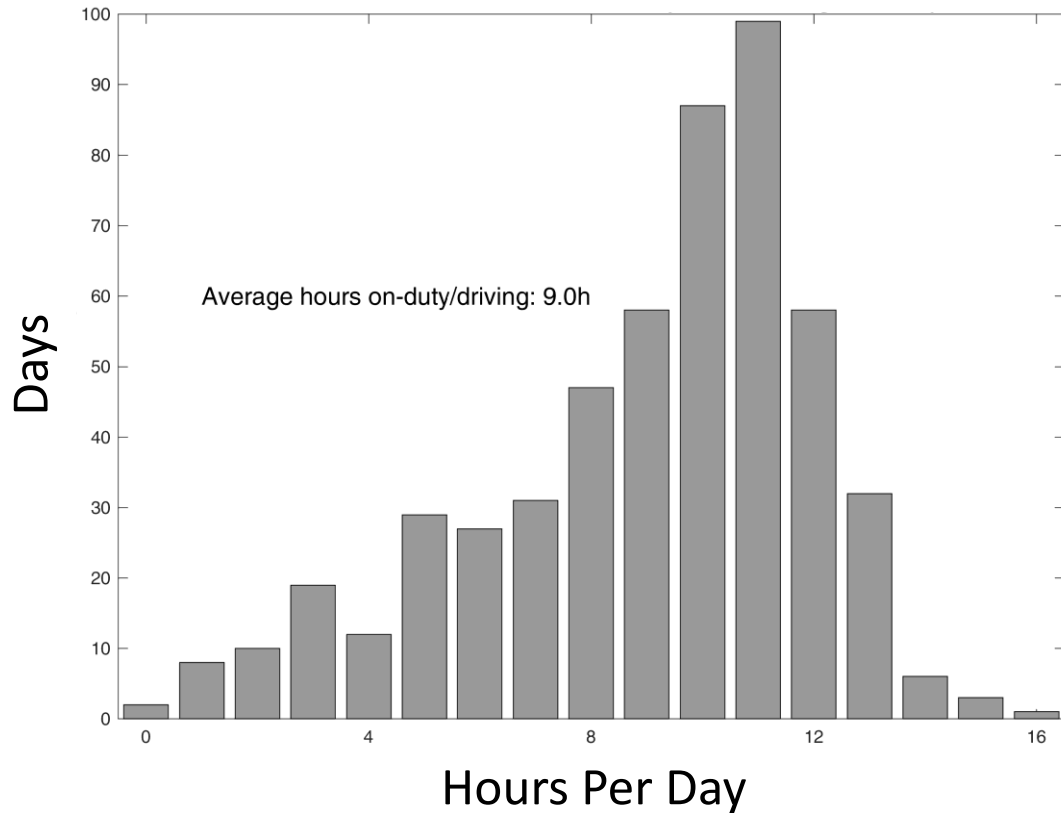
Total Hours On-Duty but not Driving



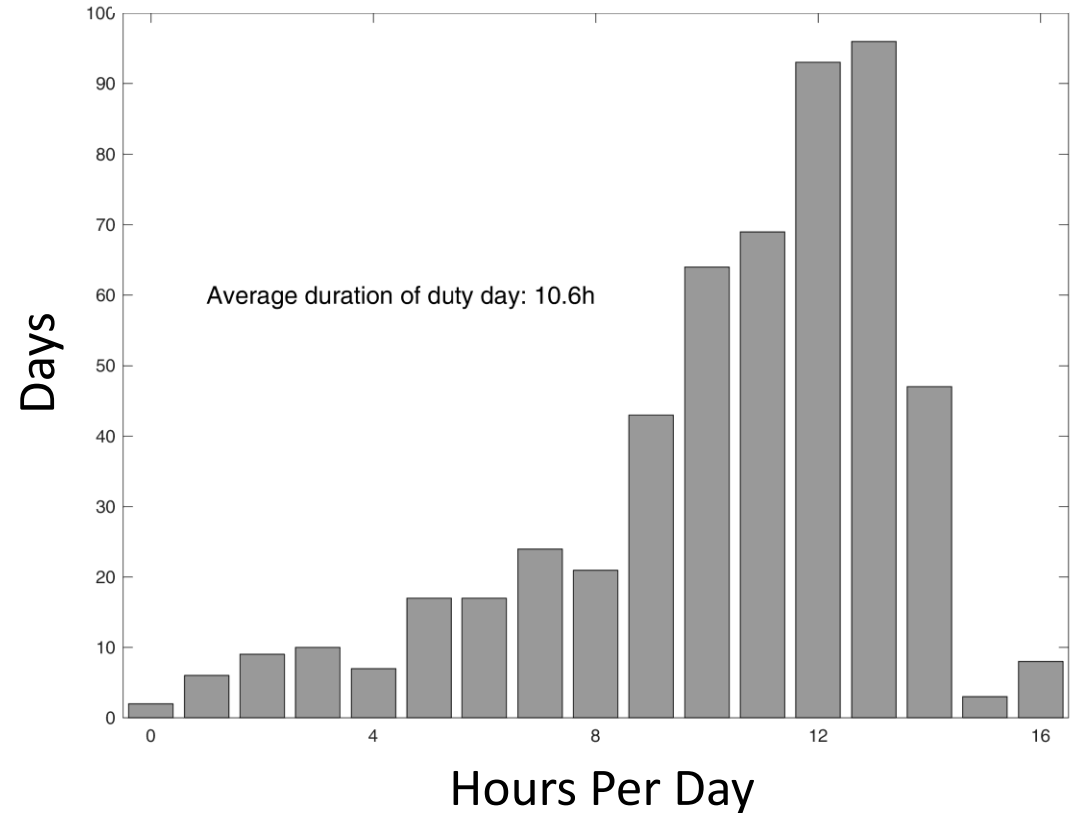
Analysis of the work day duration and composition

Long duty days \longrightarrow Restricted sleep opportunity \longrightarrow Fatigue

Total Hours Driving & On-duty Per Day



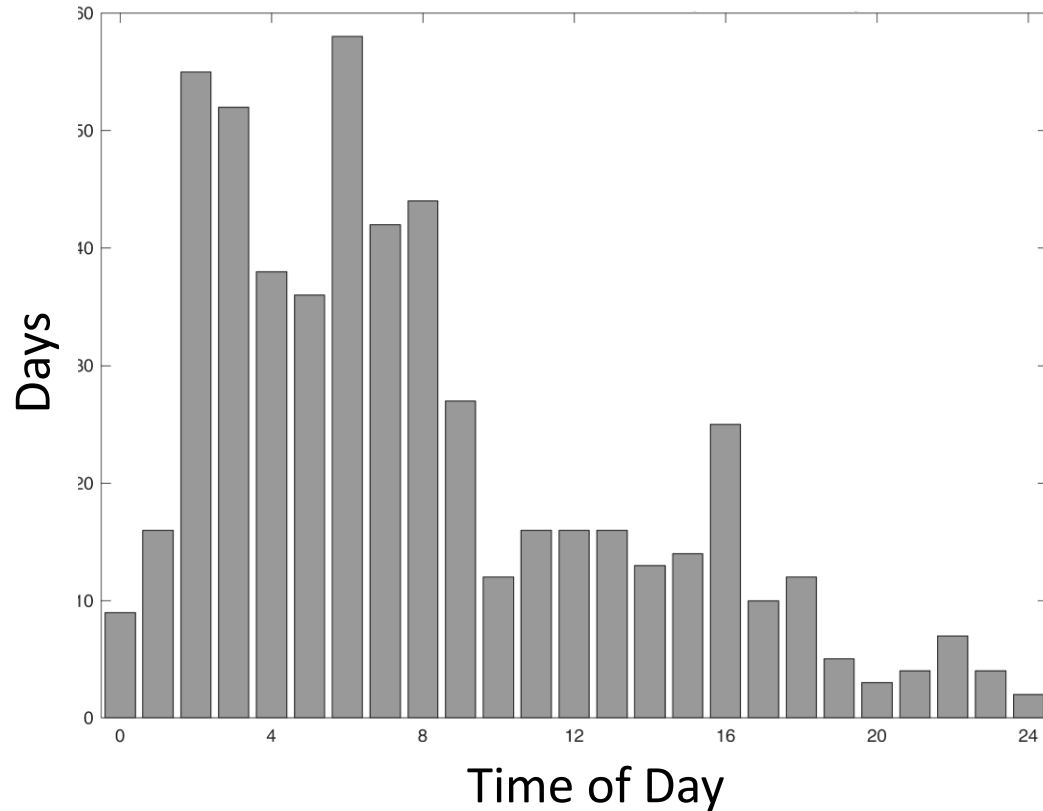
Total Hours Driving & On-duty & Breaks



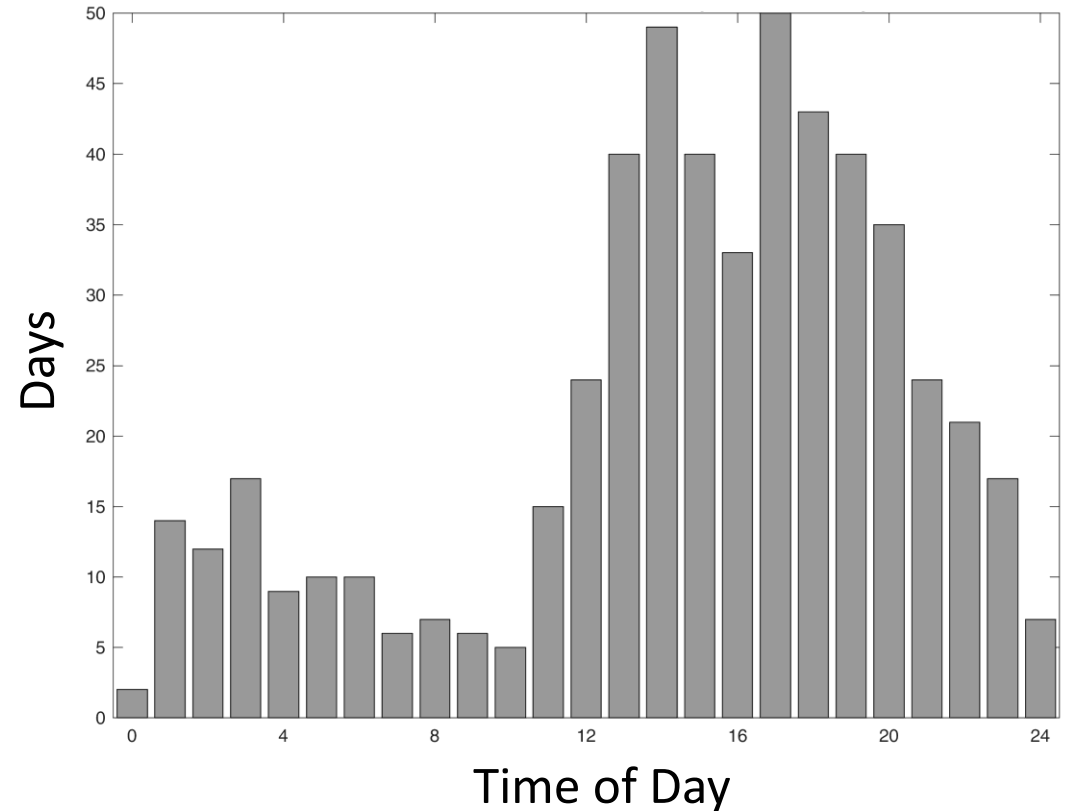
Analysis of the work day by time of day

Variable start times  Disrupted circadian cycles  Fatigue

Start Time



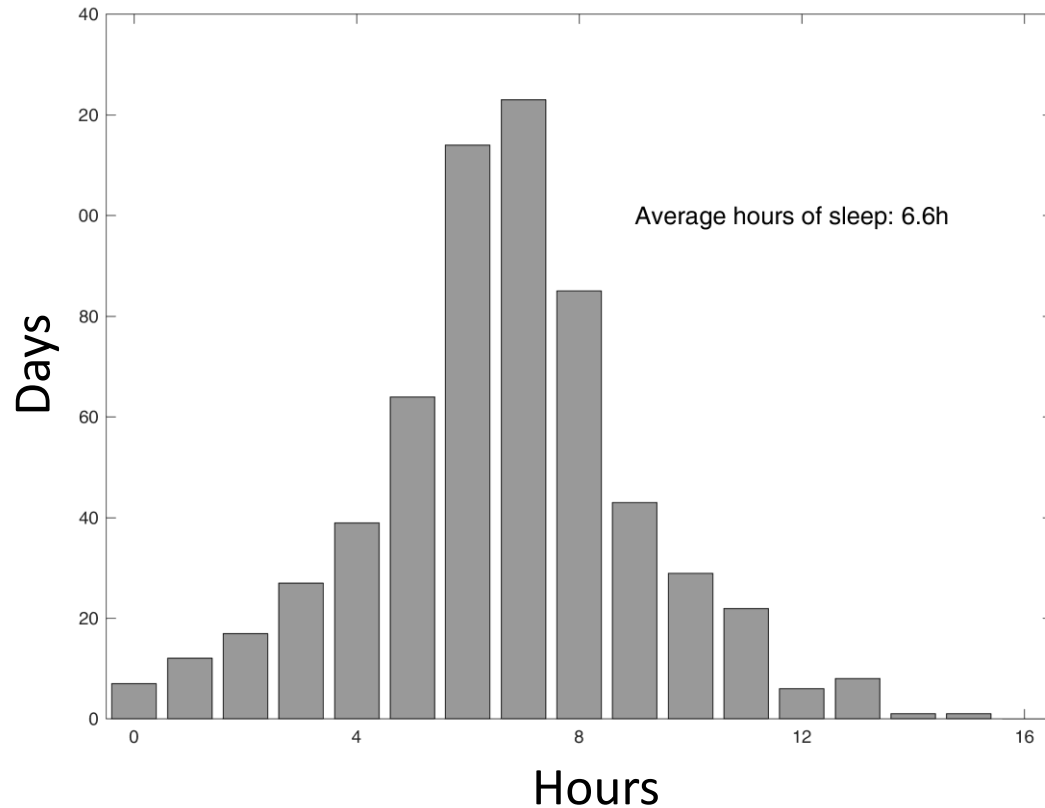
End Time



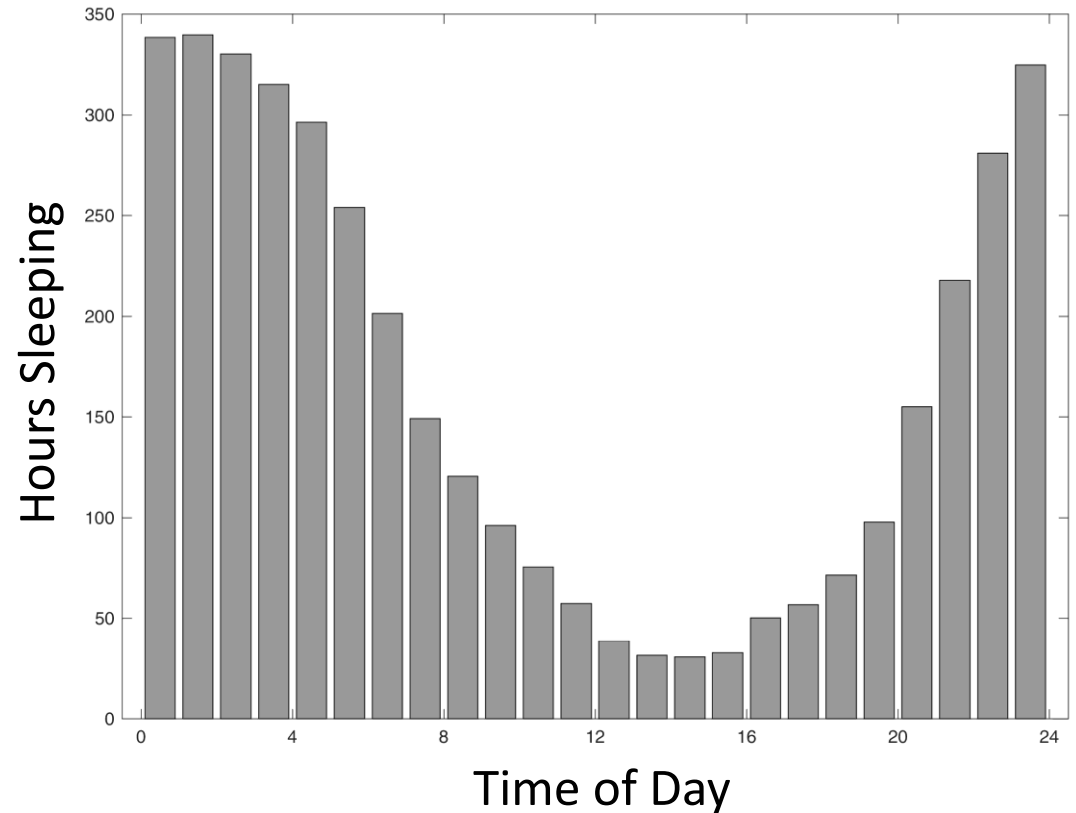
Analysis of sleep timing and duration

17.1% of the time drivers had <5 hours of sleep (105/600 driver-days)

Total Daily Sleep Duration



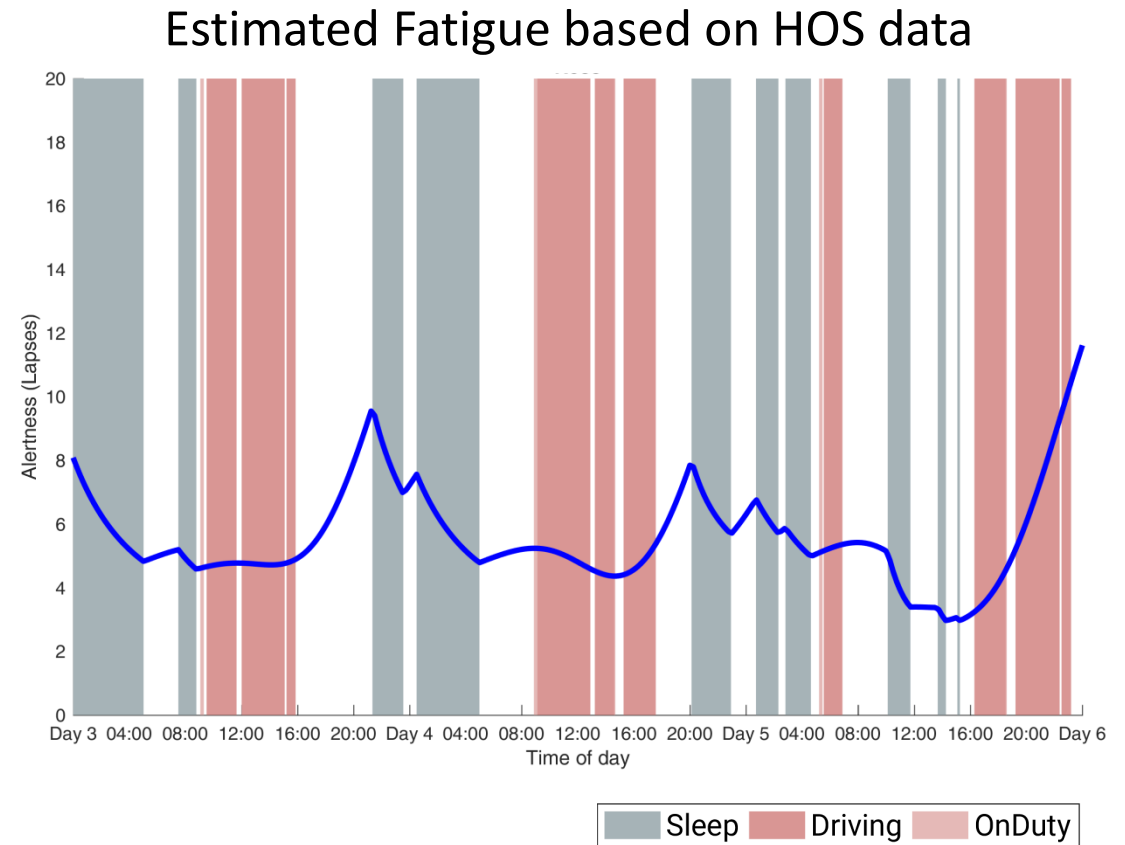
Distribution of Sleep Timing



Analysis of fatigue and performance

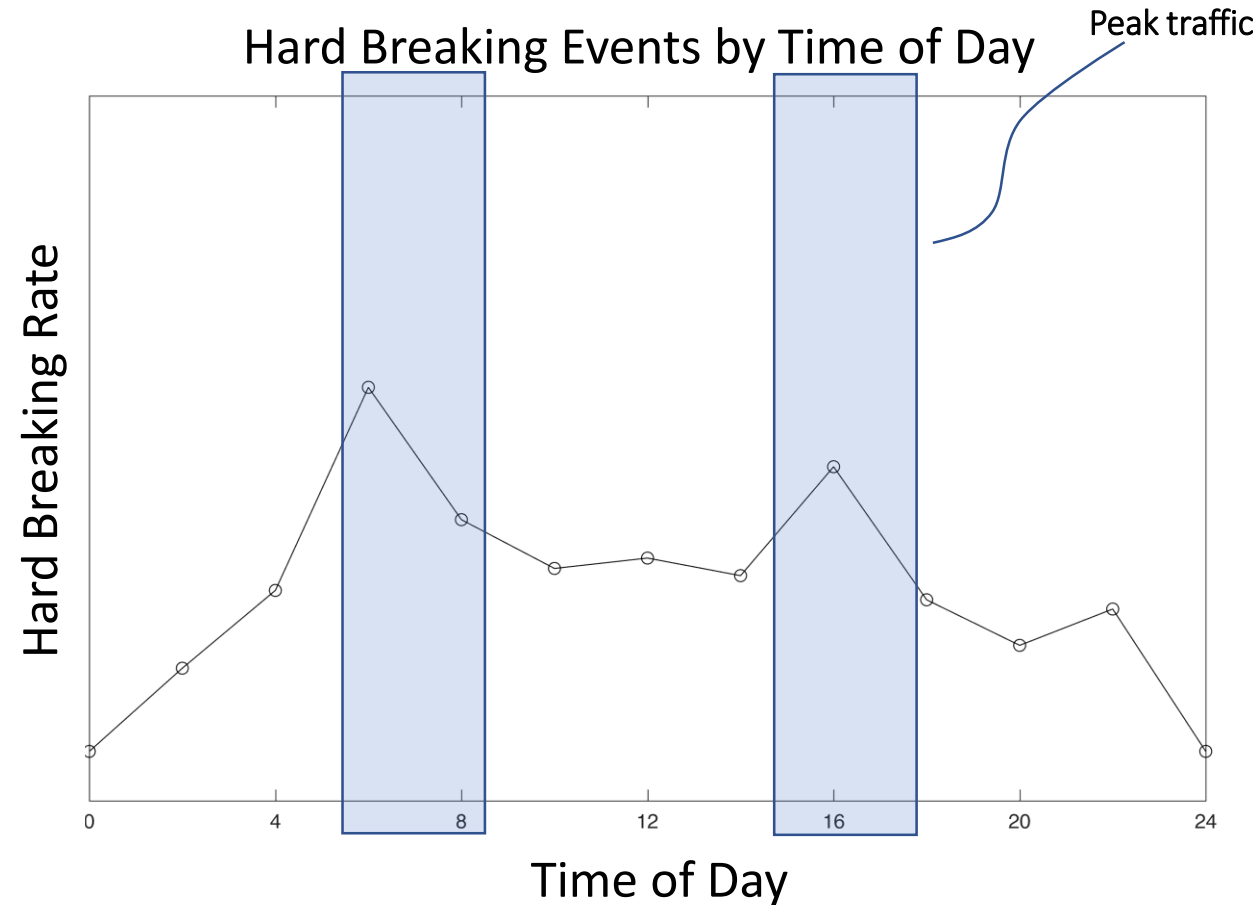
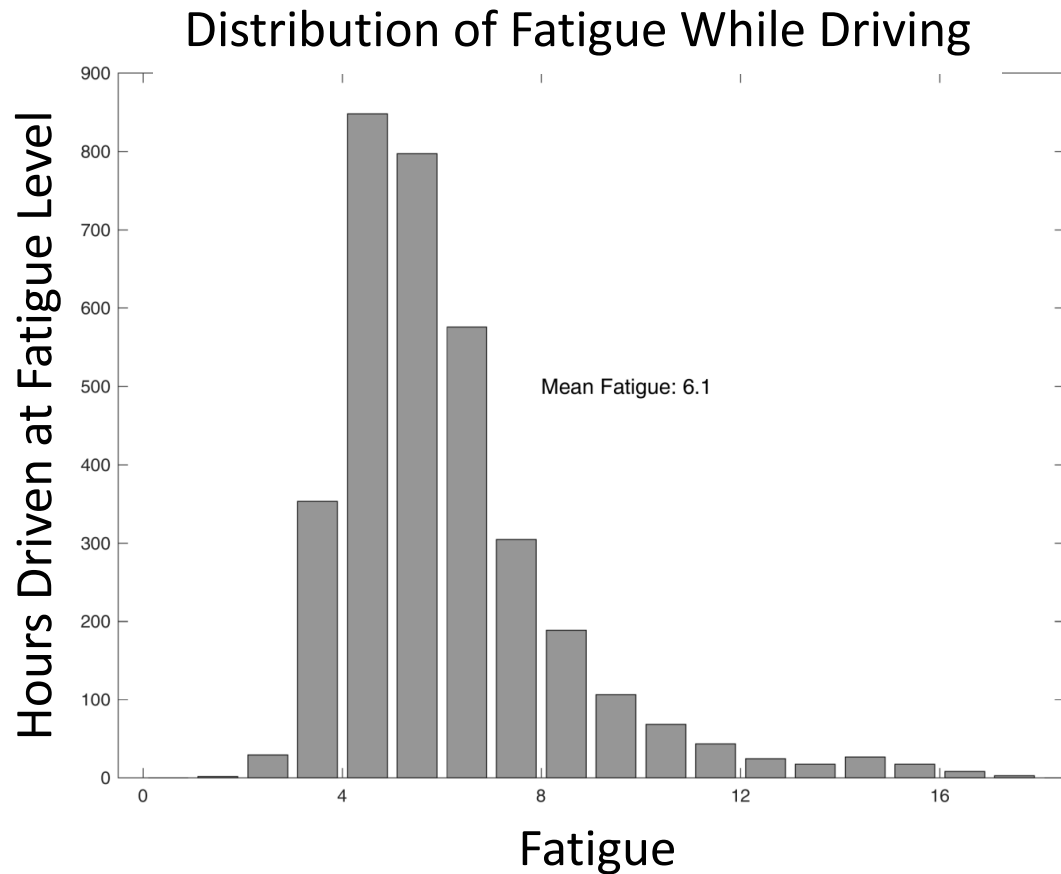
Analysis overview:

- Extracted hard braking events from vehicle acceleration data based on threshold of 3mph/s and 5mph/s with initial speed greater than 50mph.
- Estimated fatigue based on HOS data from the ELD using published biomathematical model (McCauley et al., 2009, 2013)
- Estimated effect of fatigue on hard-braking rates based on nonlinear mixed-effects with time-of-day covariates.



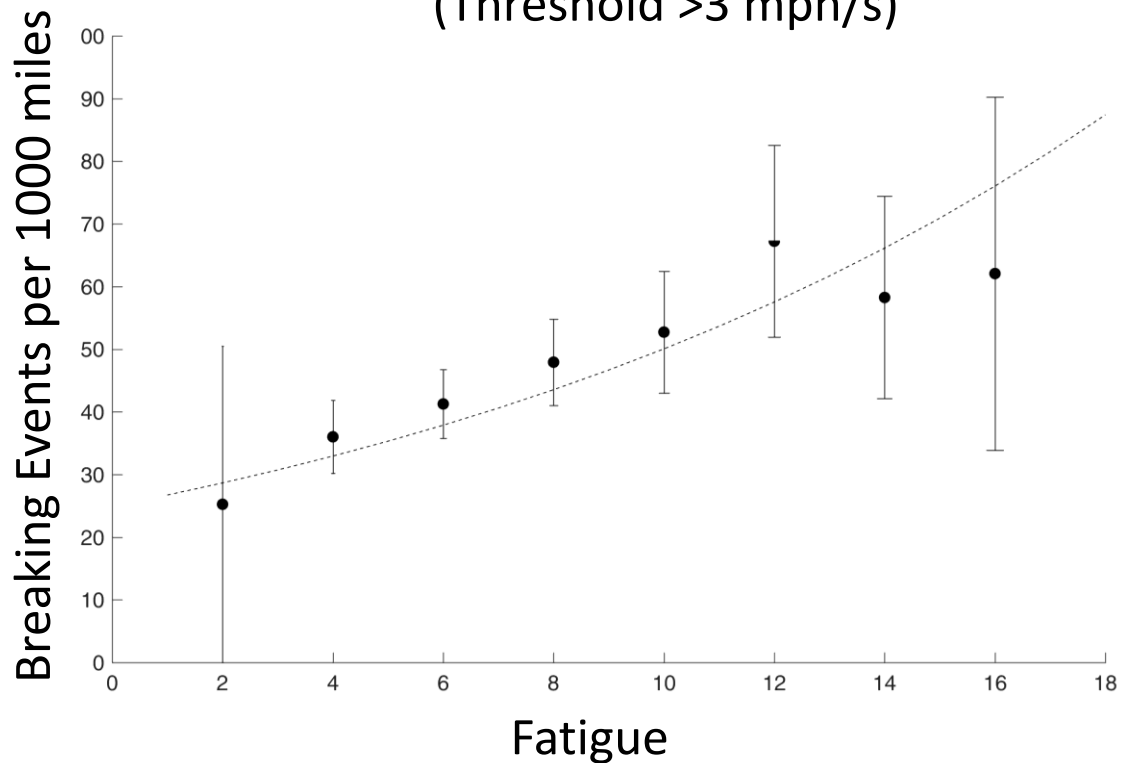
Estimated fatigue and hard breaking events

Fatigue was above 12 while driving only 2.8% of the time

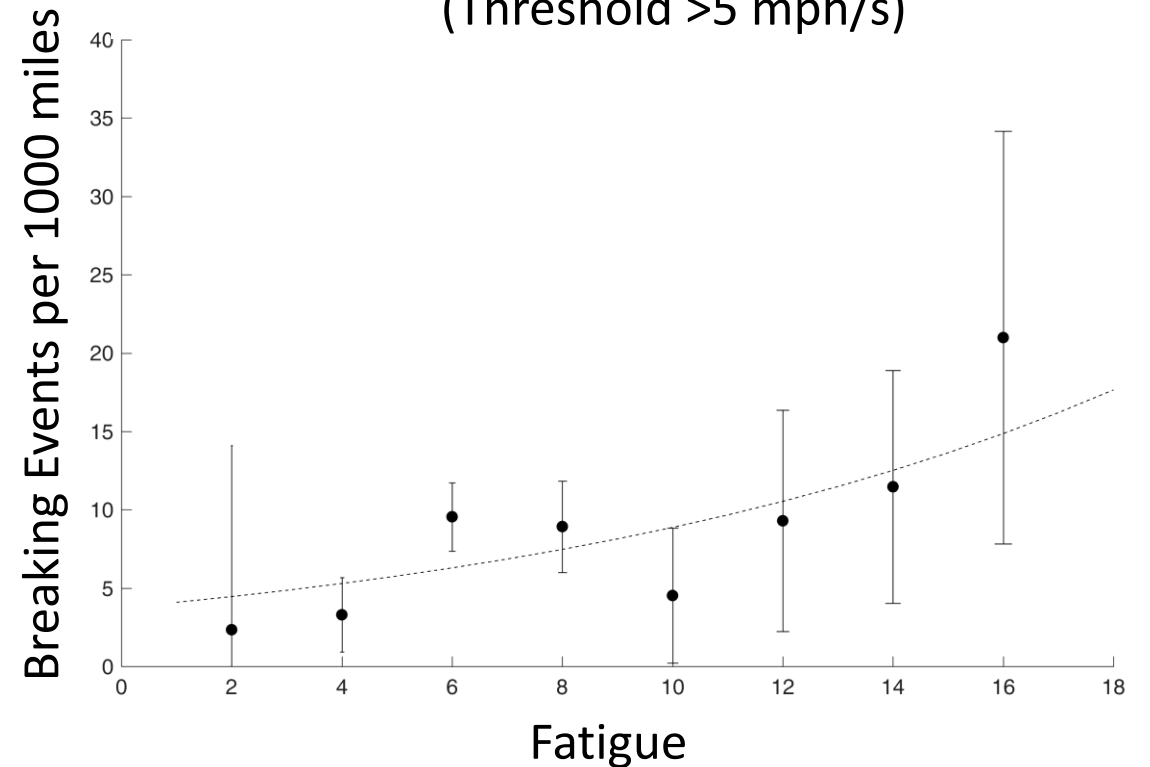


Estimated fatigue and hard breaking events

Hard Breaking Events as a Function of Fatigue (Threshold >3 mph/s)



Hard Breaking Events as a Function of Fatigue (Threshold >5 mph/s)



Acknowledgments

Trucking Fatigue Meter
(TPOC: Theresa Hallquist, M.S.)

Field Study of the Efficacy of the New Restart Provision for Hours of Service
(TPOC: Martin Walker, Ph.D.)

Pulsar Informatics, Inc.

Daniel Mollicone, Ph.D.
Kevin Kan, M.S.
Steve Bruneau, M.S.
Rachel Bartels, M.S.
Aaron Unice

Washington State University

Hans Van Dongen, Ph.D.
Amy Sparrow, M.S.
Samantha Riedy
Briann Satterfield

Virginia Tech Trucking Institute

Richard Hanowski, Ph.D.