

CORRELATION BETWEEN ROAD PAVEMENT SKID RESISTANCE AND BRAKING DECELERATION

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Background

WORLD ROAD



- Regular monitoring of skid resistance
- Are the results ready for public use?
- Are they ready to be used in legal processes?
- Posting traffic signs (speed limits, slippery road, ...)
- When are they needed?

Assessment criteria

WORLD ROAD ASSOCIATION MONDIALE DE LA ROUTE

- Technical specs for roads, SRA internal
- Are these understood correctly?
- Can we relate them to traffic safety?

SPEED OF MEASUREMENTS			CONDITION:		
(км/н)	VERY POOR	Poor	Fair	GOOD	VERY GOOD
30	< 50	50 – 56	57 – 61	62 – 72	> 72
40	< 46	46 – 52	53 – 56	57 – 67	> 67
50	< 42	42 – 48	49 – 52	53 – 63	> 63
60	< 39	39 – 45	46 – 48	49 – 59	> 59
70	< 36	36 – 42	43 – 45	46 – 56	> 56
80	< 33	33 – 39	40 – 42	43 – 53	> 53
90	< 30	30 – 36	37 – 39	40 – 50	> 50
		LIMIT WAR	NING ACCEP	TANCE	

Slovenian Roads Agency

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- Monitoring and criteria for pavement
 management
- Road network condition, prioritization of road sections for maintenance and planning maintenance works
- Misunderstandings and wrong uses
- Research to relate skid resistance data and stopping sight distance



ember 19-22, 2012 ment surface characteristics

DVZ

Test setup

- SCRIMTEX SFC
- Full braking normalized braking deceleration





Devices

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• SCRIMTEX











- Assembly for measuring braking deceleration
- Compact car, family minivan
- Used and new winter tyres, used and new summer tyres









Surfaces



SURF 2012

100m long straight stretches on national roads

MSI distress	SR	AC 11 surf B 50/70 A2	AC 11 surf B 50/70 A3	AC 8 surf B 50/70 A3	AC 8 surf B 70/100 A4	SD 4/8
	good					
good	fair					
	poor					
	good					
fair	fair					
	poor					
poor	good					
	fair					
	poor					



Surfaces



- Skid resistance: 50km/h, 60km/h, 80km/h
- Braking: 40km/h, 60km/h, 80km/h
- Braking on dry and wet surface





Braking deceleration







- Hypothesis 1: low SR low deceleration
- Hypothesis 2: SR known can we relate it to a_{MFDD}?
- Correlations defined for a specific vehicle system (without ABS) on a wet road surface





















Results - further use

	a_mfdd_60	a_MFDD_80
SCRIM_50	✓	✓
SCRIM_60	✓	×
SCRIM_80	✓	*

SURF 2012

• Relating skid resistance to deceleration: β_{xy} is depending on the SFC and MFDD measuring speeds

Results - further use

 Minimal stopping distance values that satisfy road design regulation



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SCRIM SPEED

 Minimal stopping distance values + relationship determined = minimum skid resistance levels

Results - further use

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 By introducing partial factors - new stopping distances calculated - characteristic skid resistance threshold values

		MIN			WARNI	NG		ACCE	PTANC
Hitrost * v_j	SR_sckiM_ipogojno [-] f_var=1,0			SR_SCRM_imejno [-] f_var=0,85			SR_SCRIM_prevzemno [-] f_var=0,75		
[km/h]	50	_sc_i [km/h] 60	80	50	_sc_i [km/h 60	80	50	<u>_sc_i [km/h]</u> 60	80
40	44	42	39	52	49	46	58	55	53
50	41	39	37	49	46	43	55	52	49
60	39	37	35	46	44	41	52	49	47
70	37	35	33	44	42	40	50	47	45
80	36	34	32	42	40	38	48	45	43
90	35	33	31	40	39	37	46	43	41

Conclusions

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Need for relating skid resistance data to safe vehicle stopping

- Seeking for correlation SCRIM SFC and achievable deceleration (mean fully developed decelerations) by means of full braking tests in different driving conditions
- Correlations defined for a specific vehicle system (no ABS) on a wet road surface
- Minimum requested SR levels calculated



Thank you for your attention!



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