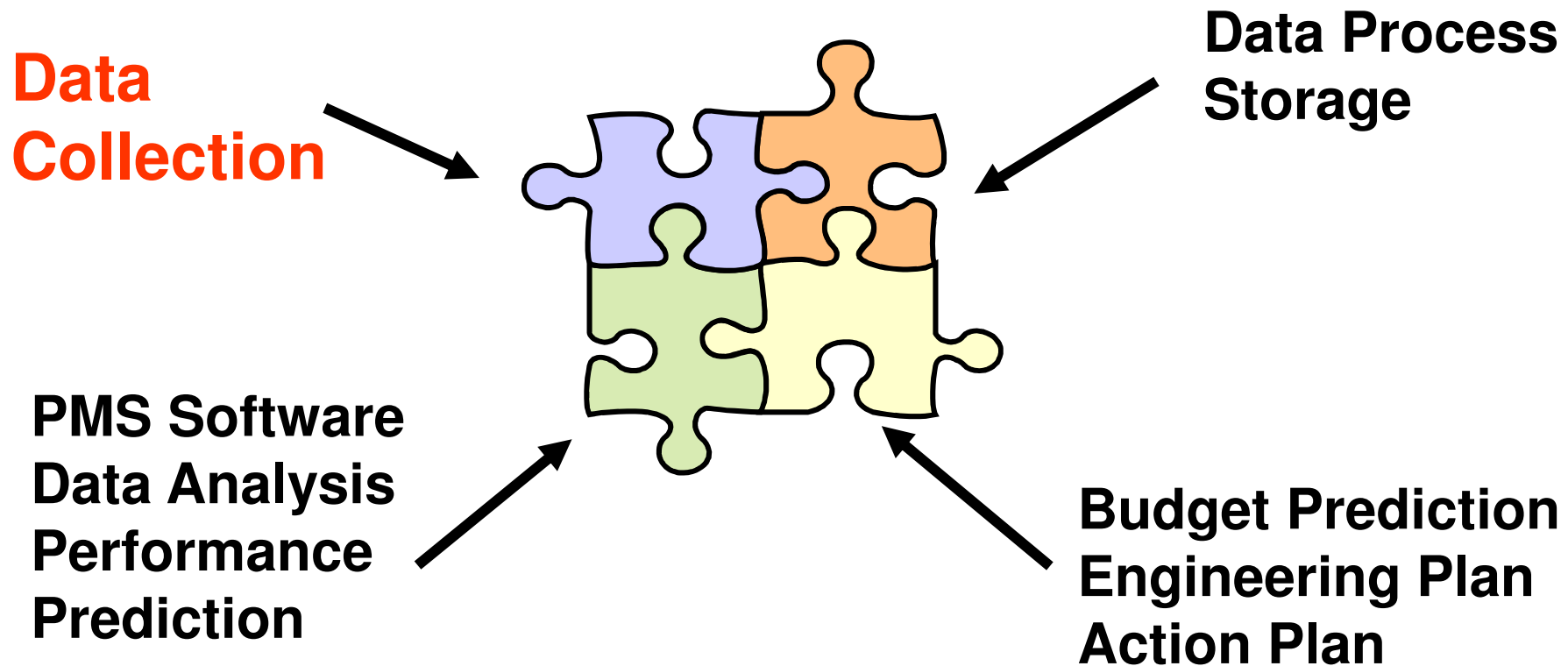


Pavement Management...

...a coordinated systematic process for carrying out all activities related to preserving pavements





Pavement Management...

...Key is preservation & maintenance, all with limited funds.....

- Advance New Technology**
- Improve Performance**
- Reduce % Deficient**
- Marry Data With Real World Application**

Once Upon A Time

- **Trained/knowledgeable personnel**
- **Previous experience and formal training**
- **Accreditation integral part of process**
- **Routine interaction of data collection personnel**



Putting Funds Where They Count Most

Pavements are the single most valuable and critical asset for most roadway agencies

The screenshot displays the Visidata software interface. The top window shows a 3D perspective view of a road with a white van driving away. The bottom window, titled 'DRate/VRate Inventory View', contains a table of pavement assets.

Change (m...)	Type	Severity	Length (ft)	Width (ft)	Hyp (ft)	Area (ft ²)	Class
353.222	Patching	Low	1.894	1.729	2.565	3.276	Area
537.458	Patching	Medium	17.175	1.709	17.260	29.358	Area
543.263	Patching	High	37.102	1.607	37.139	61.837	Area
721.792	Trans	Medium	0.789	9.337	9.371	0.000	Crack
861.545	Patching	Low	3.310	1.811	3.773	5.995	Area
864.545	Patching	Low	2.259	1.207	2.570	2.740	Area
874.121	Patching	Low	1.270	1.312	1.806	1.667	Area

The screenshot shows the Visidata software interface with a list of assets on the left and a 3D view of a roadside sign on the right. The sign is a green rectangular sign with the word 'Steales' on it. The software interface includes various toolbars and a status bar at the bottom.

Roadside assets are the second most valuable asset

Pavement Roughness

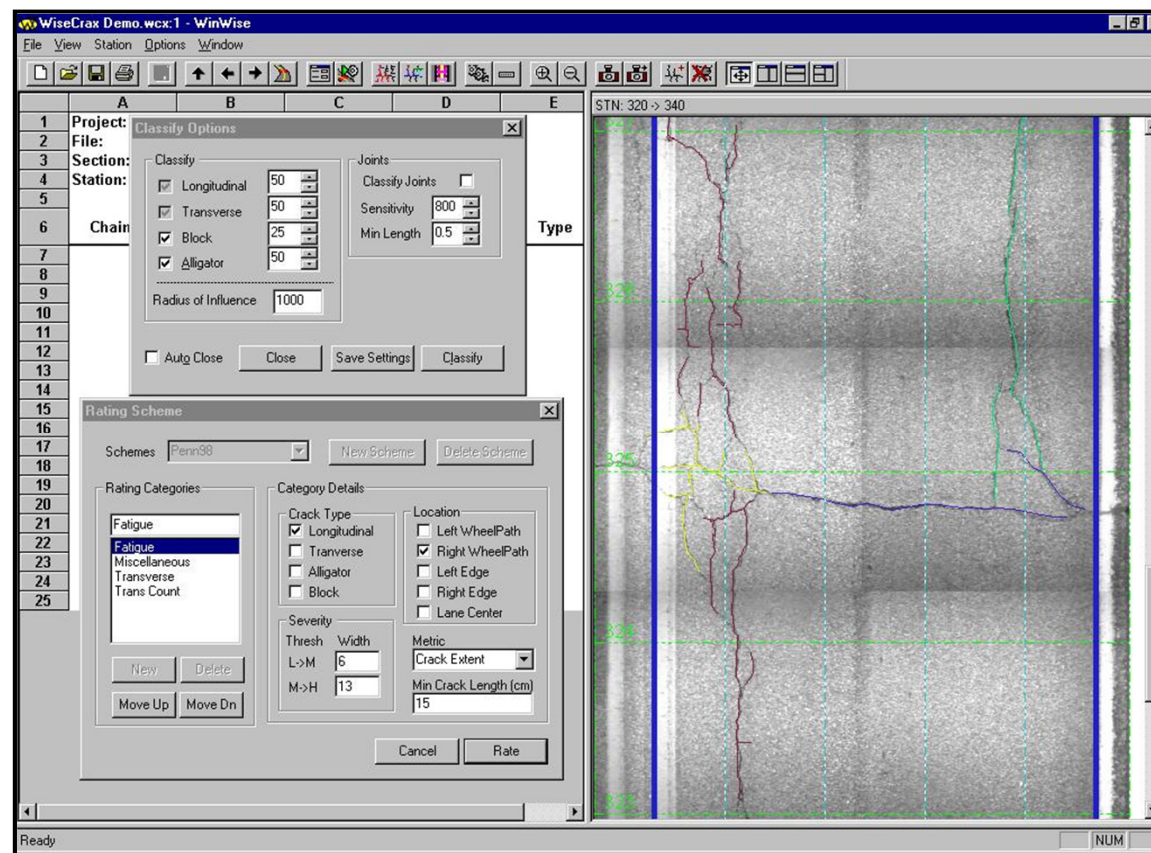
- FHWA survey – most important issue for highway users is roadway condition
- AASHTO surveys – roadway condition is primarily judged by highway users based on pavement roughness
- LTPP program – pavements built with better ride quality take longer to reach unacceptable ride quality levels

Pavement roughness is key performance indicator to highway users

What about the Local User?

Pavement Distress

- Another key performance indicator is distress
- Distress data vital to pavement management



Data Collection Tools



Photolog

- Single or multi-camera
- High Definition Images
- Desktop and Web Based Viewing software (virtual drives)
- Direct-to-digital

Pavement

- Pavement video
- Automated Crack Detection
- Roughness
- Texture
- Rutting
- Surface Distress



Geometry & Spatial

- Inertial measurement unit
- HPMS curve type
- Long. Grade
- Cross slope
- Centerline mapping
- Spatial referencing for GIS integration

Assets

- Inventory from High Definition right of way imagery
- Location determined (linear and spatial)
- Offset measured
- Height and width measured
- Asset type recorded

Pavement

Rutting and Transverse Profile: ■ **Laser-based**



Macro Texture:



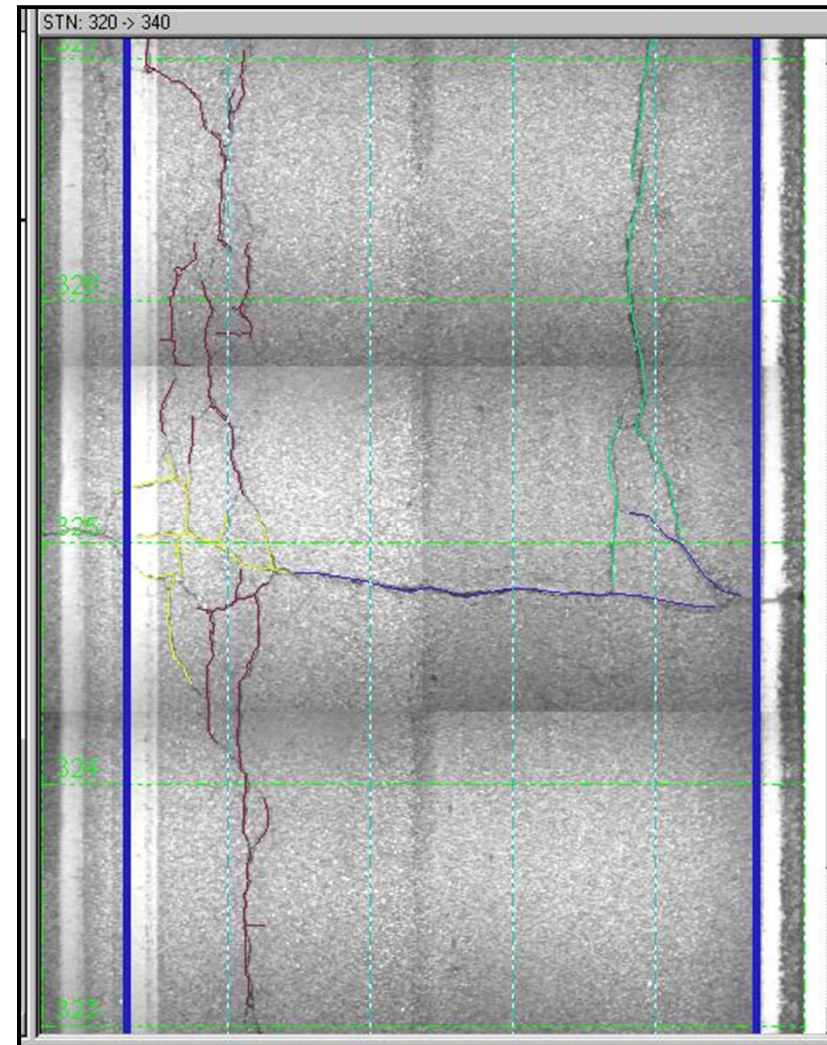
- 1,280 points
- determine depths of ruts

- 64 kHz Laser Sensor
- Road surface macro texture
- 3D tools

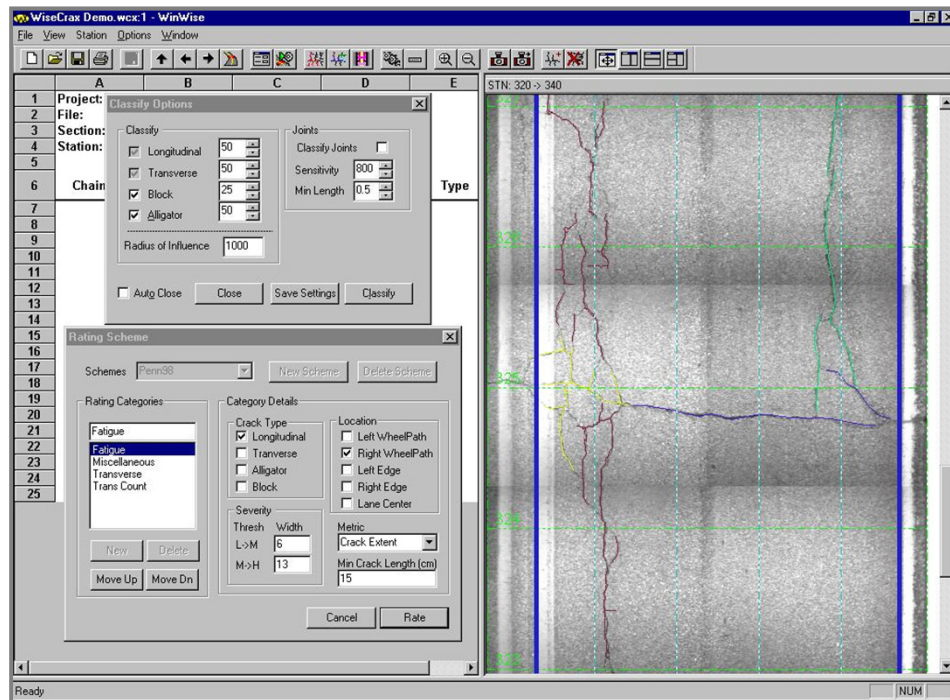
Pavement Imaging



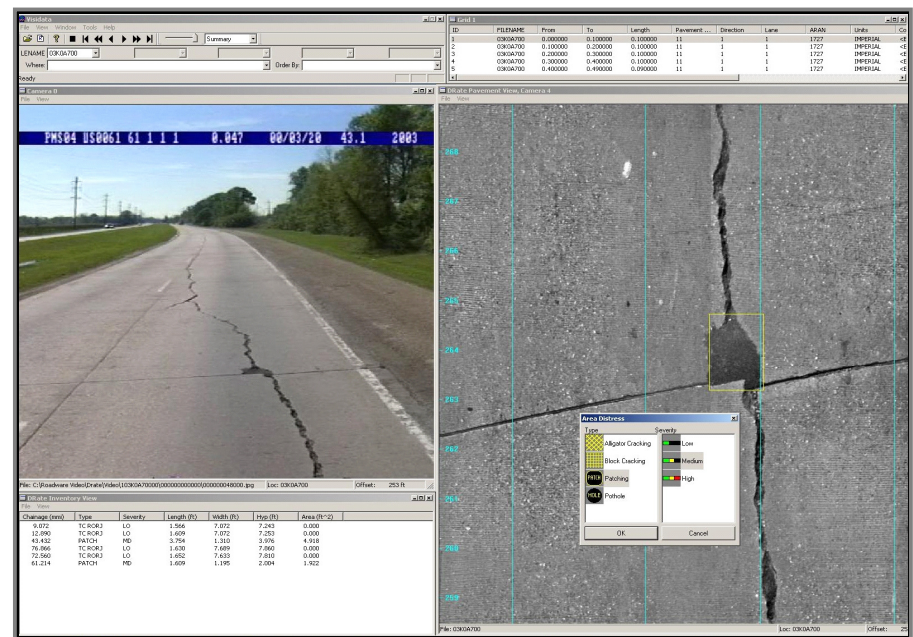
- **Imaging:**
 - Day or night operation
 - 10-14 foot width
 - Images can be post-processed for surface distress
 - Provides a permanent and referenced record



Pavement Imaging



- Automation
 - Commercially available Automated Distress Analysis software
 - Full lane, highly repeatable, image recognition processing



- Experience Machine -Rate
 - (mouse/keyboard) semi-automated process
 - Visual indications of the rated distresses are marked on the screen

Example Criteria

LONGITUDINAL CRACKING

Cracks predominantly parallel to pavement centerline. Location within the lane (wheel path versus non-wheel path) is significant.

Severity levels

LOW

A crack with a mean width ≤ 6 mm; or a sealed crack with sealant material in good condition and with a width that cannot be determined.

MODERATE

Any crack with a mean width > 6 mm and ≤ 19 mm; or any crack with a mean width ≤ 19 mm and adjacent low severity random cracking.

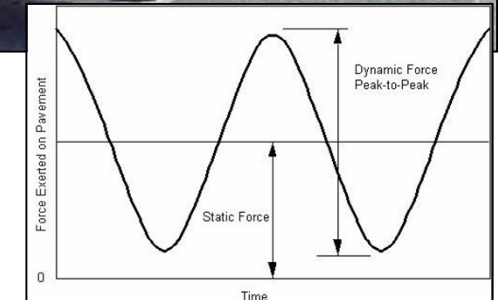
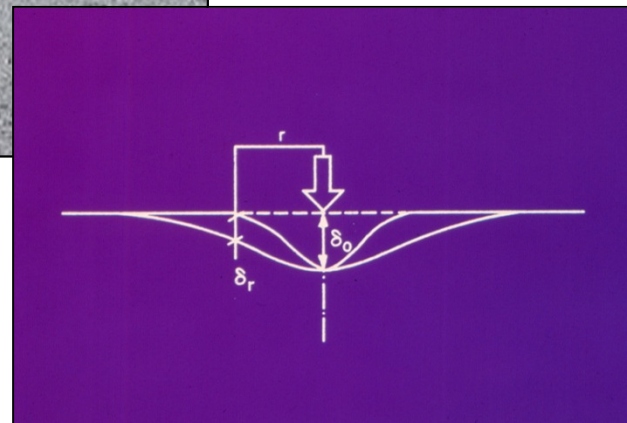
HIGH

Any crack with a mean width > 19 mm; or any crack with a mean width ≤ 19 mm and adjacent moderate to high severity random cracking.

Pavement Deflections

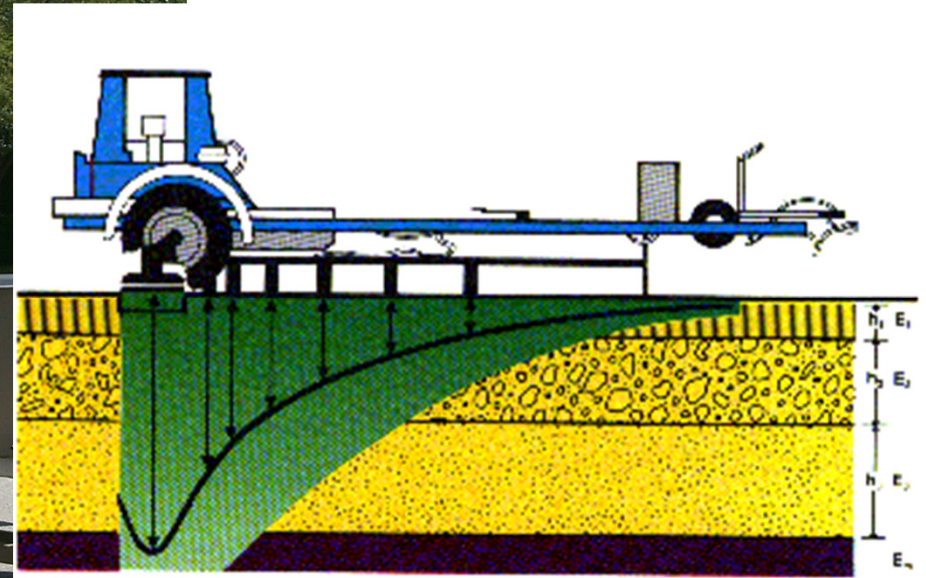


**Benkelman
Beam**

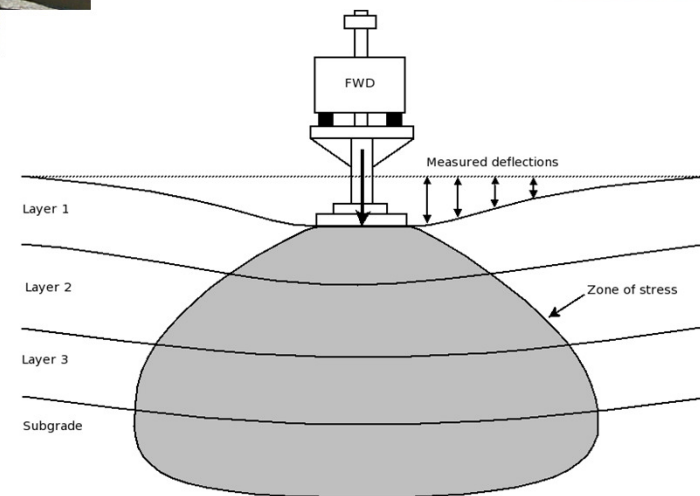


**Steady-State
Loading Devices**

Falling Weight Deflectometer



- Structural capacity determinations
- Void detection and load transfer measurements
- Section delineation
- QC/QA

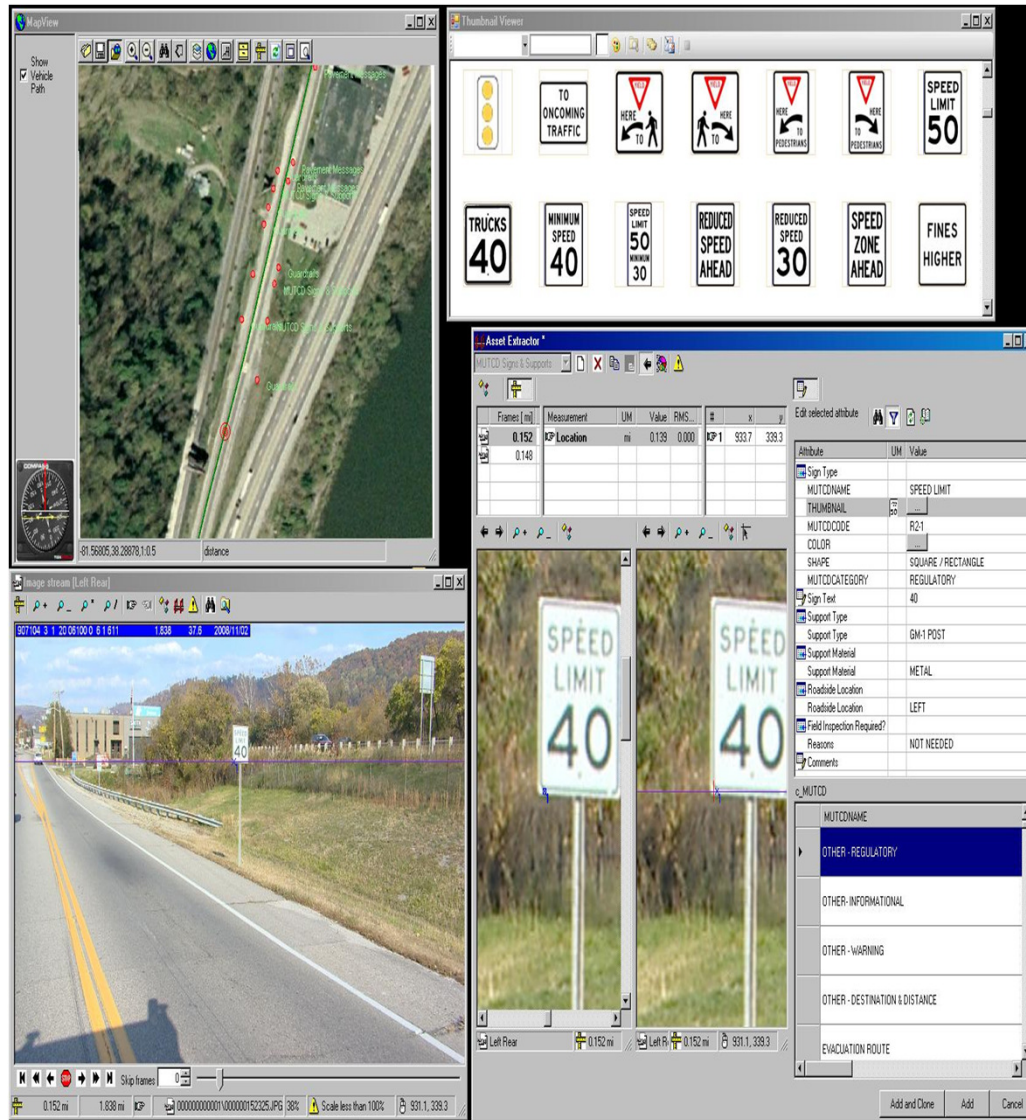


Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR)

- **Non-destructive, geophysical technique which produces almost continuous cross section of sub-surface**
- **At network level, data can be collected at traffic speeds. Deliverables include: segmentation of network based on changes in construction, material type and material thickness**
- **If more detail is required, denser data set can be acquired to look at features such as voids, delamination, and reinforcement detail**



Asset Inventory



■ Features:

- Point-and-click interface
- GPS tagging for GIS import
- Attributes and image recorded for each asset
- Use any calibrated camera
 - Rear facing, left, right, etc.

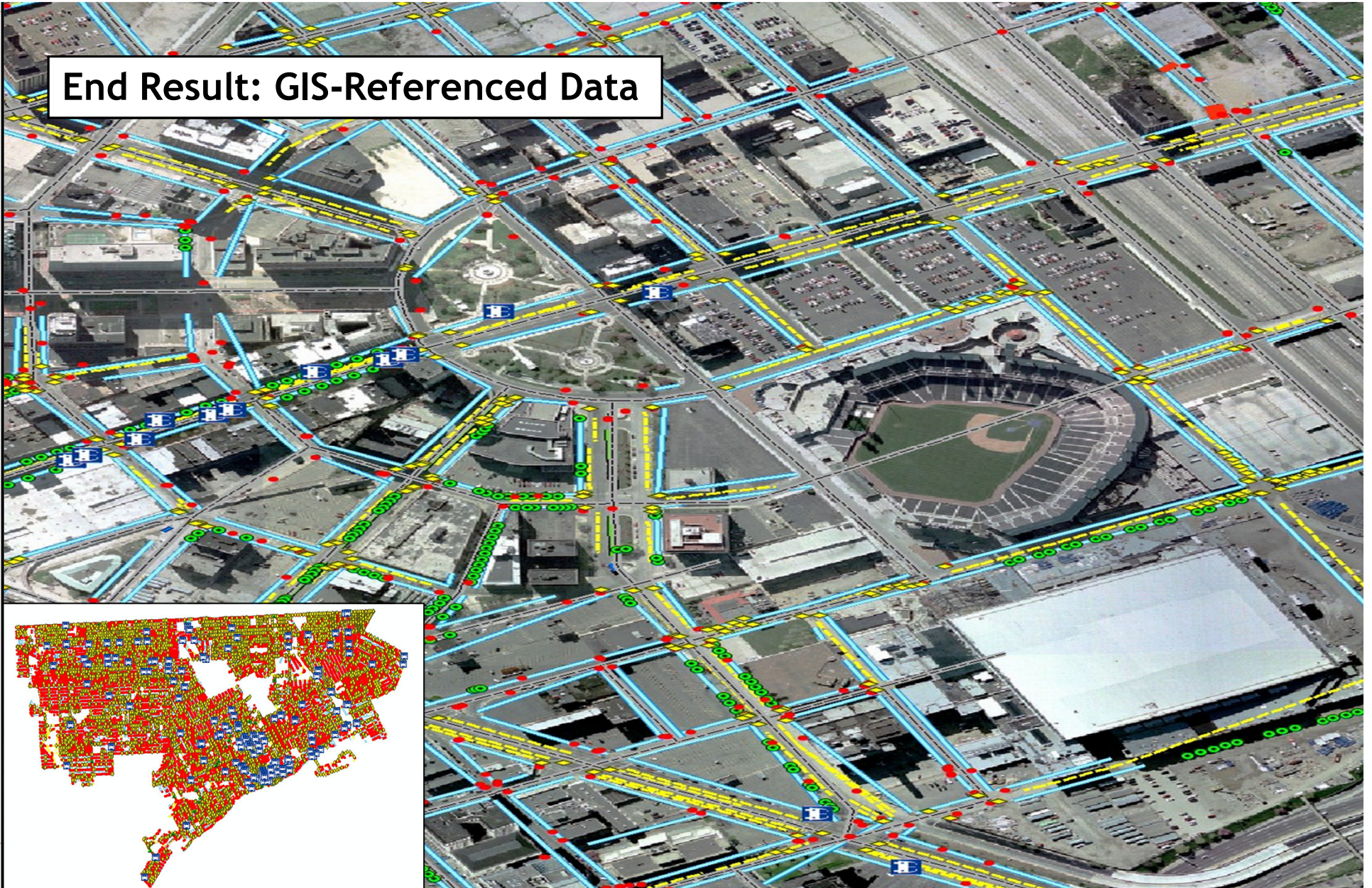
■ Benefits:

- Assets can be inventoried quickly
- Minimal training requirements
- Eliminates dangerous field work
- Low per-asset-inventoried cost

Asset Inventory



End Result: GIS-Referenced Data



Summary

- Pavement condition data
 - Key factors in providing satisfactory product to users
 - Key metrics for evaluating and reporting condition of network
 - Used to decide on M&R activities and budget
- Inaccurate data can lead to incorrect conclusions / decisions... **“Garbage in, garbage out”**
- High-quality data critical for meeting pavement management needs
- Achieving high-quality data requires that processes be put in place

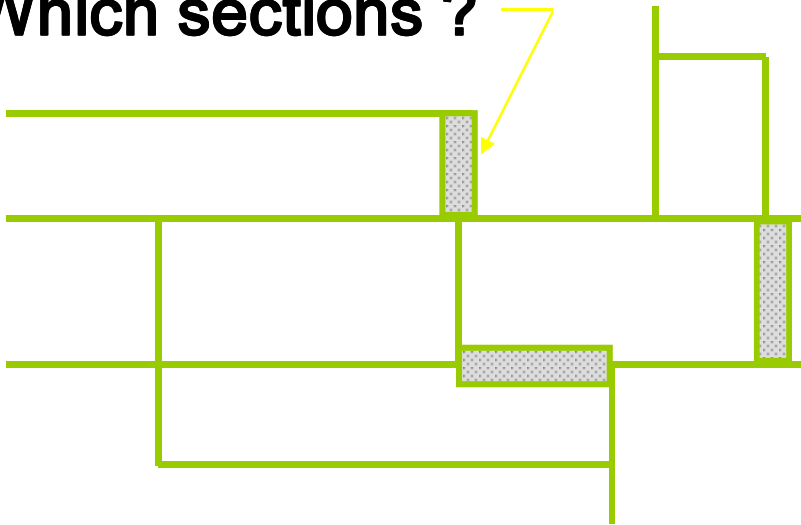
Bucketing Micro Data

- **Start with mm Level**
- **Place into ranges –**
 - **Low Medium High**
 - **Good Fair Poor**
 - **0-100 Scales**
- **Select Priority Rankings**
- **Distribute (districts, political)**
- **Apply**

NETWORK LEVEL, MULTI-YEAR PRIORITIZATION

Optimal Combination of:

Which sections ?



What
treatments ?



When (in program period), for funding level "i" ?

Reality is

Maintenance Standard: Maintenance- GOLD

General

Name: Maintenance- GOLD

Short code: CLASSA

Surface class: Bituminous

OK

Cancel

Work Items

REPLACEMENT	REPLAC
DEEP STRENGTH AC	DSAC
MILL_RESHEET - Rutting	MSRu
MILL_RESHEET (cracking)	MS-C
MILL_RESHEET (ADAMS)	MS-A
MILL_RESHEET (Rough)	MR-R
75mm AC OVERLAY	75OLAY
50mm AC OVERLAY	50OLAY

Add New Work Item

Copy Work Item

Delete Work Item

Edit...

List of maintenance work items associated with this standard

Maintenance Works Item: MILL & RESHEET (ADAMS)

General | Design | Intervention | Costs | Effects

Responsive Criteria

Total damaged area >= 20 %

Add New Criterion...

Delete

Edit...

Limits

Last year: 2030 year

Max. roughness: 16 IRI (m/km)

Max. quantity: 5000 m²/km/year

Interval: 1 year(s)

Minimum: 0

Maximum: 9999

ΔADT: 0 100000

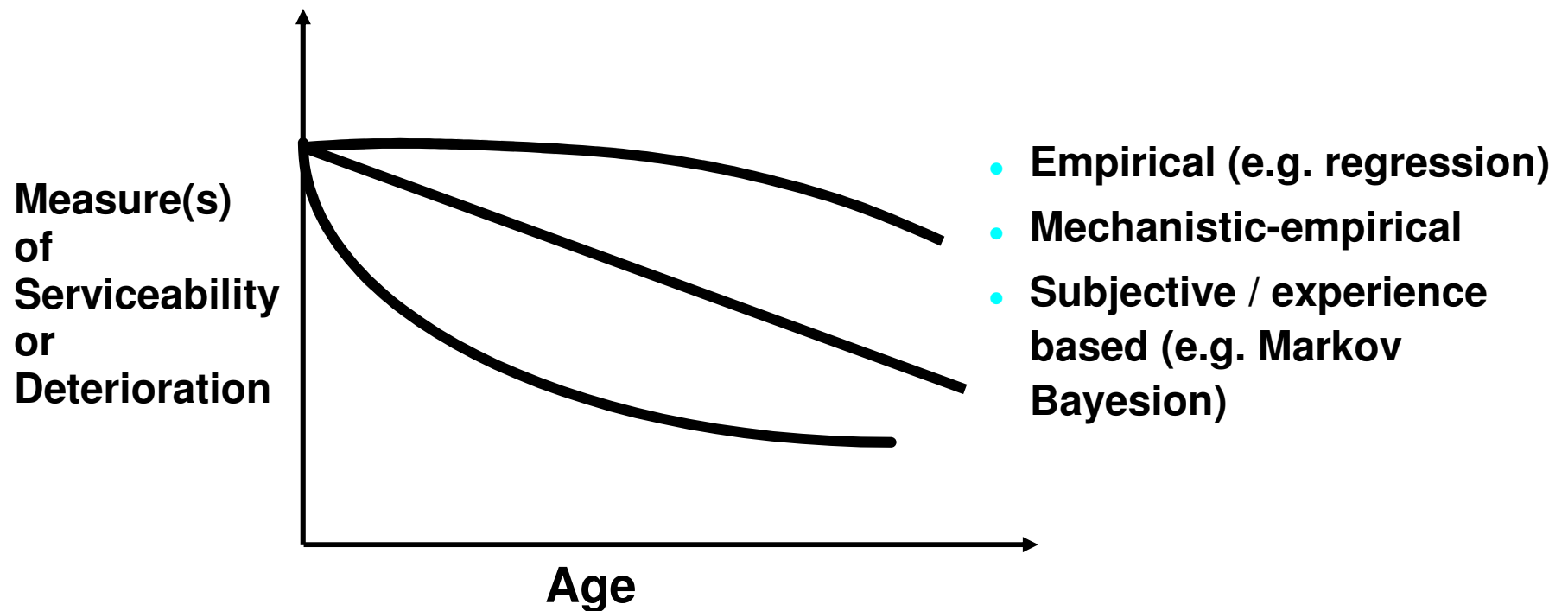
OK

Cancel

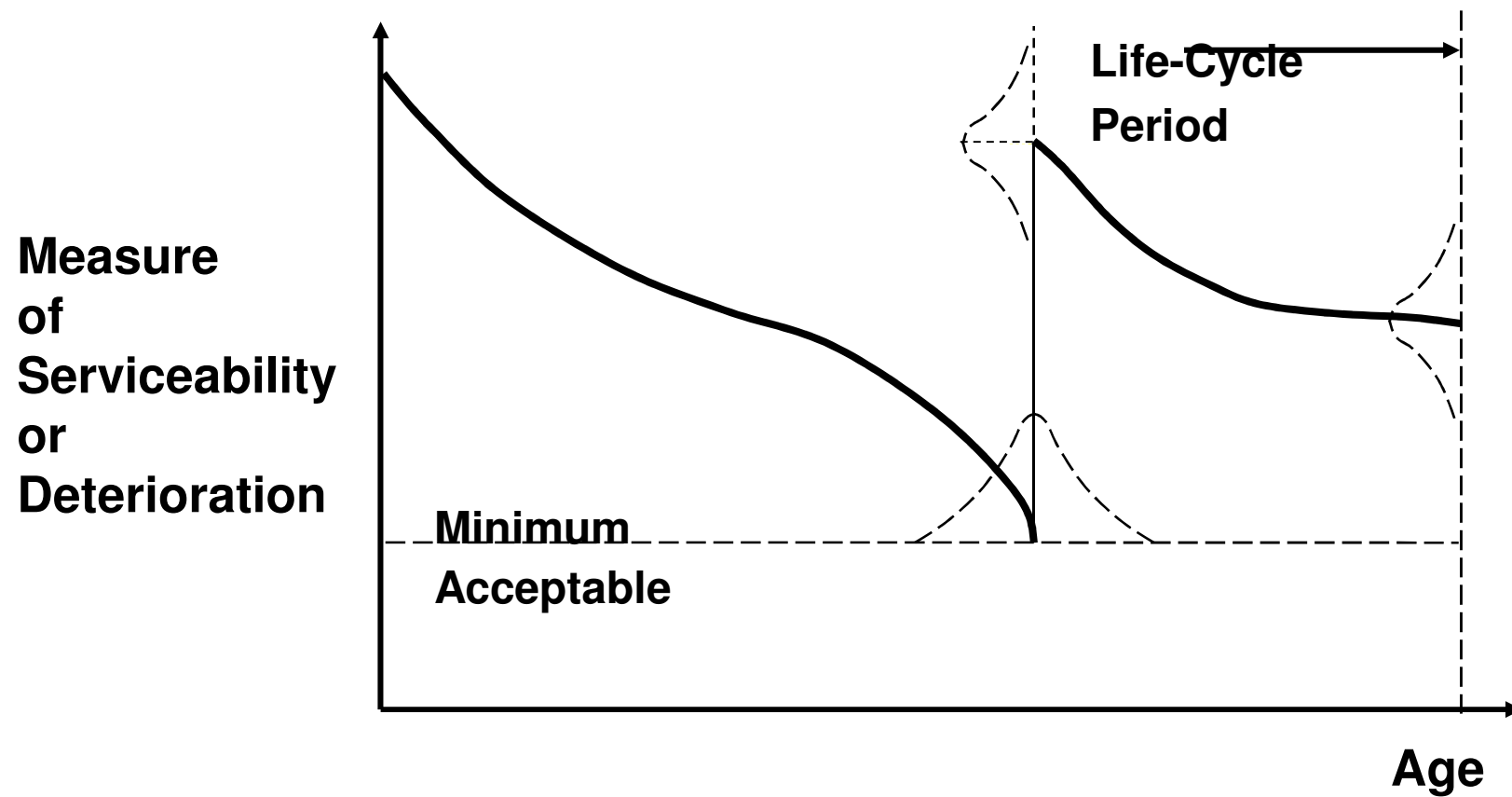
Apply

Add an intervention criterion to this improvement standard

PERFORMANCE MODELLING



LIFE CYCLE ANALYSIS



CHALLENGE FOR US

- Index – PSI, PQI, PDI, DI, CRS.....
- Low – Medium - High
- Homogenous
- Old School
- Budget

**Close the Gap Between PMS Outputs and Actual
M&R Actions**

