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Road Network Pavement Management Program



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Outline

1. Background

2. Virginia Pilot Project

3. National Effort for FHWA

4. Final Remarks





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1. Background

Why do we care?







Tire-pavement Friction is one of the Factors Contributing to Crashes & Fatalities

Urban Principal Arterial - Wet



Tire-Pavement Friction Testing









....Now







Evolution of the Tow Vehicles

Then....





....Now: power steering, anti-lock braking, electronic stability control, etc.





Continuous Friction Measurement Equipment (CFME)











Friction Intervention Levels (VA)

Historical basis:



- Maximum stopping distance of 133 feet from travel speed of 40 mph
- Investigate:
 - ▷ SN40S < 25</p>
- Intervene:
 SN40S < 20







Investigatory Levels (UK)

| Road classification definitions | | Investigatory level (31 or 50 mph) | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | | 0.30 | 0.35 | 0.40 | 0.45 | 0.50 | 0.55 | 0.60 | 0.65 |
| А | Interstate highways | | | | | | | | |
| В | Divided highways w/o intersections, grade, etc. | | | | | | | | |
| С | Two lane road w/o intersections, grade, etc. | | | | | | | | |
| Q | Intersection (& roundabouts) | | | | | | | | |
| K | Pedestrian crossings and other high risk areas | | | | | | | | |
| R | Roundabout | | | | | | | | |
| G1 | Slope 5-10%, longer than 160 feet | | | | | | | | |
| G2 | Slope >10% longer than 160 feet | | | | | | | | |
| S1 | Curve radius < 1600 feet - divided roads | | | | | | | | |
| S2 | Curve radius < 1600 feet - two lane roads | | | | | | | | |

2. VDOT Pavement Friction Management Program Pilot Demonstration



Preliminary Results





VDOT Pilot Project Objectives

- Introduce modern CFME for network friction data collection in VA
- Establish investigatory (desirable) and/or intervention (minimum) levels of friction based on analysis of crash data in one district in Virginia (Salem)
- Compare CFME with traditional locked-wheel skid tester used in VA





Preliminary Data: Wet Accidents (IS)



Preliminary Data: Dry Accidents (IS)







Network Friction Distribution







Status of Research

- Compiling data
 - > Tire-pavement friction
 - District crash records
 - Geometrics & facility operating characteristics
- Developing intervention levels
 - Match demand with supply
- Propose proactive statewide program
 - "Unify" Materials, Maintenance, and Safety





2. National FHWA-Sponsored Effort

WirginiaTech

Development and Demonstration of Pavement Friction Management Programs - Second Phase Update





Development and Demonstration of Pavement Friction Management Programs

Objective:

- Determine criteria and develop methods, for establishing investigatory (desirable) level and intervention (minimum) levels for friction and macro-texture for different friction demand categories or classes of highway facilities for at least four states
- Assist at least four states in developing PFM Programs
- Demonstrate state-of-the-art friction (and macrotexture) measurement equipment

Including geometrics





Phase I Completed in 2011

DTFH61-09-R-00035



Evaluate Different Approaches for setting investigatory (desirable) level and intervention (minimum) levels for friction and macro-texture



Other appr., e.g., Modeling the probability of wet (or wet/dry) crashes (risk) as a function of friction number using other models used for safety analysis





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Demonstrate state-of-the-art friction (and macro-texture) measurement equipment



Phase II - The Acceptance Testing and Demonstration of the Continuous Friction Measurement Equipment

- Task 1. Receive Equipment, Training & Acceptance
- Task 2. Establish State Highway AgencyParticipation in the Development andDemonstration of Pavement FrictionManagement Programs
- Task 3. Preliminary Data Analysis
- Task 4. Data Analysis of Friction Thresholds





Phase II - The Acceptance Testing and Demonstration of the Continuous Friction Measurement Equipment (cont.)

- Task 5. Develop Suggested Pavement Friction Management Programs for Participating SHAs
- Task 6. Prepare Final Report and Supplement to AASHTO Guide for Pavement Friction
- Task 7. Develop Promotional andImplementation Products





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4. Final Remarks







Final Remarks

- There is a weak but statistically significant relationship between friction level and accident rate/risk
- VA pilot study suggests that the establishment of investigatory levels is feasible (at least for interstate roads) and that CFME has advantages over current practice
- National study to support the establishment of pavement friction management programs is seeking state participation







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& RESEARCH

